METHADONE MAINTENANCE: RESEARCH AND PRACTICE

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CESSATION OF ADICTIVE OPIATE USE: BARRIERS

- WITHDRAWAL SYNDROME--major
- DRUG-INDUCED EUPHORIA-minor

Opiates: Use Freq. & Withdrawal Course

Peak Drug (hrs)	Usual freq. of use (hr)	Appearance of wdwl sxs (hrs)	
meperidine 8-12	2-3	4-6	
hydromorphone	3	4-5	
heroin 48-72	4	8-12	
morphine	5-6	14-20	
codeine	3	24	
methadone 72-96	8-24	36-72	

Methadone Detoxification

- Legal only on inpatient basis or in methadone program
- Must be completed within 21 days if inpatient (180 in mmp)
- Not indicated during pregnancy--maintenance indicated
- For street opiate addict: initial dose 10-40 mg po qd-bid in juice

[If unsure of physical dependence, challenge with 0.2-0.4 mg naloxone SQ and observe for 1 hour]

Methadone effect noted in 30-60 minutes after each dose

Also observe for drowsiness

Methadone Detoxification (continued)

- Repeat total 24 hr methadone dose on day 2--give as bid
- Then taper according to daily exam (eg 5-10 mg qd) until dose = 5-10 mg
 then decrease 2-3 mg qd
 then observe 24-48 hr before d/c
 due to long t 1/2 of methadone
- Total duration of detoxification = 5-10 days.
 Non-pharmacologic support reduces duration by up to 50% Need to observe visitors who may smuggle opiates

Potential Advantages of Methadone Maintenance Treatment of Opiate Dependence

- Minimal euphoria at adequate doses & maximal blockade of exogenous opiateinduced euphoria
 - lessens risk of O.D.
- 2. Minimal sedation
- 3. Minimal analgesia

FEDERAL & STATE ELIGIBILITY FOR MMT

- METHADONE MAY BE PRESCRIBED FOR PAIN TREATMENT BY ANY LICENSED PHYSICIAN
- METHADONE MAY BE PRESCRIBED

 FOR TREATMENT OF OPIOID DEPENDENCE

 BY PHYSICIANS ONLY WITH A STATE

 LICENSE

FDA ELIGIBILITY FOR MMT

- ONE YEAR HX PHYSIOL. OPIOID DEPENDENCE
- HX OP DEP AND LEAVING INCARCERATION
- PREGNANT AND HX OF OR CURRENT OP DEP
- IF IN MMT IN PAST 2 YR AND AT IMMINENT RISK OF RETURN TO OPIOID USE
- IF UNDER 18, MUST HAVE 2 PRIOR DETOX OR DRUG-FREE TX AND 1-YR HX OF OP DEP AND PARENT OR GUARDIAN MUST SIGN CONSENT

Methadone Maintenance Benefits

- 1. Reduces illicit opiate and other drug consumption
 - 55% heroin/opiate reduction in month one
 - 90% reduction by 6 months
 - 25% reduction in cocaine use
- 2. Reduce predatory crime: 79-86%
- 3. Improve rates of employment (40-60%)
 - Successful schooling
 - Stable homemaking
- 4. Decrease depression and suicide rates
- 5. Reduces HIV risk 5-10/fold

Methadone Maintenance Benefits

- 6. Reduces opiate dependence symptoms
- tolerance persists as does withdrawal risk
- 98% reduction in other opiate abuse and dependence symptoms by 1 yr.
- 7. Benefits maximal when MMT combined with drug counseling and psychiatric care
- 8. Safest and most effective treatment of opiate-addicted pregnant addicts
- Relapse risk after discontinuation high until
 2 yr duration of MMT

ADVERSE EFFECTS OF CHRONIC METHADONE USE

MILD-MODERATE AND TIME-LIMITED

- SEDATION, CONSTIPATION
- TRANSIENT ANKLE EDEMA & WEIGHT GAIN [f>m]
- EXCESSIVE SWEATING
- REDUCED LIBIDO

SEVERE

NONE

NO EVIDENCE

• DELAYED RXN TIME, MEMORY DEFICITS, DRIVING PROBLEMS, ARTHRITIS, BONE DISEASE

Methadone Maintenance: Toxicity

- 1. No known life-threatening interactions with other drugs, but Methadone clearance increased by dilantin & other P450 inducers and decreased by rifampin and other P450 inhibitors and opioid antagonists (naloxone, naltrexone) & mixed agonist/antagonists (pentazocine, buprenorphine) can cause severe opioid withdrawal in MMT pts
- 2. Tolerance does persist to opioids: need higher doses of opioids for post-operative analgesia, pain conditions [e.g., sickle crises, osteomyelitis, phlebitis

DOSING ISSUES IN MMT

- Daily dosing adequate to prevent wdwl
- Initial dose: 20-40 mg daily
- Oral doses of 60-100 mg daily optimal [80% get blocking blood level]
- steady state achieved in 3-4 wks
- Peak: trough optimum is 2:1
- Optimal blood level: 150-600 ng/ml
- Poor gi absorption may lead to low blood levels & stress can increase Degradation: need higher oral dose [Fed regs prohibit > 120 mg daily]

MAINTENANCE DOSE: MMT

- Suppress opioid withdrawal
- No euphoria or sedation
- Reduce or eliminate opiates in random,
 Observed urine drug screen tests:
 if persistently positive, slow dose
 increase is often adequate

RCT: LEVELS OF CARE IN MMT

•100 NEW MMT CLIENTS RANDOMIZED TO MM ALONE

MM + DRUG COUNSELING [DC]
OR MM + DC + MED/PSYCH CARE

RELAPSE RATES AT 1 YEAR:

MM ALONE 67%
MM + DC 33%
MM + DC + MED/PSYCH <3%

MM + DC IS MOST COST EFFECTIVE [UNSELECTED]

MCLELLAN ET AL 1993

Weighing the Costs Annual Cost per Drug Addict

 Regular Outpatient 	\$1,800
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 Intensive Outpatient 	\$2,500
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•	Methac	lone N	Iaintenance	\$3,900
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- Short Term Residential \$4,400
- Long Term Residential \$6,800
- Incarceration \$25,900